

Use this checklist to slow the process down, identify what you received, preserve your evidence and take the next safe step. Tick each item as you complete it.

URGENT: A summons, notice of judgment, warrant or sheriff document is a court matter. Record the date it was served and obtain legal assistance immediately. A complaint to a bank or ombud does not replace a court response.

1. Identify the document

- ☐ Write down the date and time it was received or served.
- ☐ Photograph or scan every page, plus the envelope or proof of service.
- ☐ Check the sender, original creditor, account/reference number, amount claimed and stated deadline.
- ☐ Mark the document type: demand letter / Section 129 notice / summons / judgment or warrant / unsure.
- ☐ Do not rely on a phone description. Keep the actual document.

2. Start your evidence file

- ☐ Create one folder for this account - digital and/or paper.
- ☐ Add the credit agreement, statements, payment proofs, emails, SMS messages and prior letters.
- ☐ Add proof of every address change sent to the bank or credit provider.
- ☐ Log every call: date, time, person, company and a short summary.
- ☐ Record every balance quoted and the date it was quoted.

3. Request the documents in writing

- ☐ A copy of the original credit agreement.
- ☐ A detailed statement showing payments, interest, fees and costs.
- ☐ A written calculation explaining the current amount claimed.
- ☐ Confirmation of who currently owns the account or has authority to collect it.
- ☐ The address used for formal notices and legal documents.
- ☐ Written confirmation of any deadline or legal action already started.

4. Protect your position

- ☐ Keep your response factual. You may request proof without agreeing that the amount is correct.
- ☐ Do not sign an acknowledgement, settlement, consent to judgment or unaffordable arrangement before understanding it.
- ☐ Do not promise a payment you cannot sustain.
- ☐ Save proof that your written request or response was delivered.
- ☐ If you are in financial hardship, prepare a simple income-and-essential-expense summary.

Five things not to do

☐ Ignore a summons, judgment, warrant or sheriff document.	☐ Throw away the envelope, delivery slip or proof of service.
☐ Sign a settlement, acknowledgement or consent you do not understand.	☐ Assume a complaint or negotiation automatically stops a court deadline.
☐ Post unredacted account numbers, ID numbers or court papers on social media.	☐ Pay cash or transfer money without a written reference and proof of payment.

This checklist is general information, not legal advice. Deadlines and remedies depend on the document, court and facts of your matter.

MY DEBT FILE - CASE SNAPSHOT

BOOK BONUS

Full guide + templates included
with online purchase

Complete one page for each separate account or claim.

Original creditor		Collector / attorney	
Account / reference		Amount claimed	
Date received / served		Document type	
Court and case number		Deadline stated	
Address used by creditor		My correct address	
Last payment date known		Last balance I can verify	
Main issue / question		Next action date	

My next actions

☐ Save and scan the complete document.	☐ Send my written document request.
☐ Obtain legal advice about any court document.	☐ Update my formal address in writing.
☐ Prepare my affordability / hardship summary.	☐ Check my bank complaint reference and response date.
☐ Escalate an unresolved complaint when eligible.	☐ Set a follow-up date and keep proof of every step.

Useful support

National Financial Ombud Scheme (NFO) For eligible bank and credit-provider complaints after first using the provider's complaint process. Free service. 0860 800 900 WhatsApp: 076 574 8055	Legal Aid South Africa Advice and possible assistance, subject to the type of matter and qualification requirements. Advice Line: 0800 110 110 Please Call Me: 079 835 7179
Court documents remain urgent even while a complaint, negotiation or ombud matter is underway.	

Notes and follow-up
